### Genesis 23

Scriptures: Romans 3:23 - ...for all have sinned and fall short of the glory of God...

Notes: Genesis 23 is about a funeral.

Romans 6:23 - For the wages of sin is death, but the gift of God is eternal life in Christ Jesus our Lord. Scriptures: Hebrews 11:11 - By faith Sarah herself also received strength to conceive seed, and she bore a child when she was past the age, because she judged Him faithful who had promised. <sup>1</sup> <u>Sarah</u> lived one hundred and twenty-seven years;

these were the years of the life of Sarah.

Notes:

That means Abraham and Sarah had probably been married for over 100 years. Isaac would be thirty-seven.

Sarah had been with Abraham through all his wanderings, his successes, his failures. She had made some mistakes of her own, with the Hagar incident, and then going along with Abraham's deception about their relationship. But all-in-all, Sarah was a woman of faith (Heb. 11:11).

Sarah is the only woman in the Bible whose age at the time of death is mentioned.

Notes:

Sarah died in the Promised Land without having received the Promised land. She was the first of many generations who would die without receiving the Promise of the Land (Heb. 11:13).

"There is nothing wrong with a believer shedding tears over the tragedies and heartaches of life." (Phillips, 1980)

Sorrow is the right response when we lose someone we love. And the more deeply we love them, the deeper is the pain of their loss. A believer's sadness is different from someone who doesn't believe (1 Thess. 4:13).

We sorrow in hope! We have sorrow because of the temporal loss of relationship and intimacy but we do so with the hope of being reunited with them in heaven.

It is by hope that we look up with tear-filled eyes and look into the heavenlies for our beloved one who have gone before us.

'to weep for her' – first occurrence of the word 'weep'

Scriptures: Hebrews 11:13 - These all died in faith, not having received the promises, but having seen them afar off were assured of them, embraced them and confessed that they were strangers and pilgrims on the earth.

1 Thessalonians 4:13 - But I do not want you to be ignorant, brethren, concerning those who have fallen asleep, lest you sorrow as others who have no hope.

Psalm 56:8 -You number my wanderings; Put my tears into Your bottle; Are they not in Your book?

Ecclesiastes 3:4 - A time to weep, And a time to laugh; A time to mourn, And a time to dance: in the land of <u>Canaan</u>, and <u>Abraham</u> came to

<sup>2</sup> So Sarah died in Kirjath Arba (that is, Hebron)

mourn for Sarah and to weep for her.

Scriptures: Genesis 12:7 - Then the LORD appeared to Abram and said, "To your descendants I will give this land." And there he built an altar to the LORD, who had appeared to him.

Genesis 13:14-15 - And the LORD said to Abram, after Lot had separated from him: "Lift your eyes now and look from the place where you are—northward, southward, eastward, and westward; 15 for all the land which you see I give to you and your descendants forever.

Genesis 15:18 - To your descendants I have given this land, from the river of Egypt to the great river, the River Euphrates...

Genesis 17:8 - Also I give to you and your descendants after you the land in which you are a stranger, all the land of Canaan, as an everlasting possession; and I will be their God. <sup>3</sup> Then <u>Abraham</u> stood up from before his dead,

Notes: Abraham believed God's promise of the Land (Gen. 12:7, 13:15; 15:18; 17:8). But he did not possess it yet.

and spoke to the sons of <u>Heth</u>, saying,

Scriptures: Hebrews 11:9-10 - By faith he dwelt in the land of promise as in a foreign country, dwelling in tents with Isaac and Jacob, the heirs with him of the same promise; 10 for he waited for the city which has foundations, whose builder and maker is God.

Philippians 3:20-21 - For our citizenship is in heaven, from which we also eagerly wait for the Savior, the Lord Jesus Christ, 21 who will transform our lowly body that it may be conformed to His glorious body, according to the working by which He is able even to subdue all things to Himself.

Ecclesiastes 3:11 - He has made everything beautiful in its time. Also He has put eternity in their hearts, except that no one can find out the work that God does from beginning to end.

<sup>4</sup> "Tam a foreigner and a visitor among you. Give

8453 – a

temporary

resident

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## me property for a <u>burial place</u> among you, that $\hat{T}$

6913 -

may bury my dead out of my sight."

#### Notes:

Abraham believed the promises of God, but they had not been fulfilled yet. Much of life can be described by what we do as we wait for God's promises to be fulfilled. As we wait, life will happen. Our decisions on how we respond should reflect our faith in God's promises.

Abraham is living as 'foreigner and a visitor' in the land that God has promised him. By asking for a place to bury Sarah, he is staking a claim within the Promised Land.

Abraham had been dwelling in Hebron for a long time, but he still sees himself as a 'foreigner and a visitor'. God had not given him the land yet.

Abraham is looking past his current circumstances and into a future God promised (Heb 11:9-10). This is how we are also called to live (Phil. 3:20). This world is not our home and we should live as 'foreigners and a visitor' in this world

"The deaths that touch our lives, especially those that are close to us, are meant to make us look by faith beyond the present material world to the architectures of Heaven, to the eternal foundations laid by God." (Hughes, 2004) page 309

The death of someone close tests the power of what you believe. Faith is what we believe to be true.

"If there is one time when the believer's testimony should shine out strongly in a dark world of sin, it is when death visits the home." (Phillips, 1980) page 186

This world is not our home. At some point in life, we learn that life is not forever - that death comes to all living things. But there is something in us that tells us that death is not the end (Eccles. 3:11). When we are saved, the Holy Spirit comes to dwell in our heart, and to develop a yearning for our eternal home in heaven and a growing uneasiness with this world.

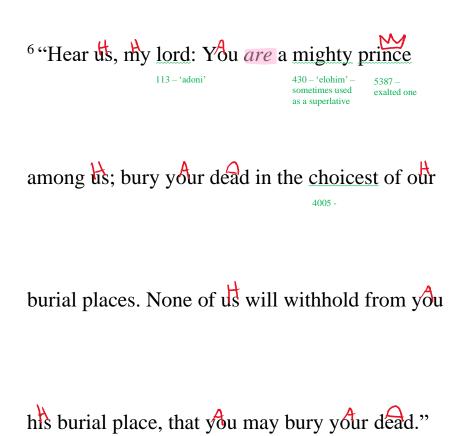
Fascinating phrase 'out of my sight' -Place of burial will not be a monument - Not a memorial - Out of sight

Our hope is that our loved ones are not gone, just out of sight for a time.

<sup>5</sup> And the sons of <u>Heth</u> answered <u>Abraham</u>, saying Notes:

to him,

Scriptures:



Notes: 'mighty prince'= prince of God

'None of us will withhold' – does not mean they will give it to him for free. This is the opening of negotiations.

Even though Abraham had been living around them for decades, he never became one of them. He acted as a 'foreigner and a visitor' but their impression of him was of a 'mighty prince'. Contrast Abraham to Lot who had no witness with his family or the people of Sodom because he 'sat in the gate of Sodom' as one of them.

Abraham's witness to the 'sons of Heth' was lived in righteousness before God in the presence of the Canaanites.

As Christians, we are not of this world though we live in it. We live among the unbelievers in this world, but we are called to live apart from them spiritually and with holiness and righteousness.

There are many calling for social justice and some think it is the place of the church to lead the charge for social justice. Throughout history, social change has not come through the church but as a result of revival of faith in Jesus Christ. If we want to see real change tale place, we need to pray for God's Holy Spirit to sweep through this land and call people to God and real faith in Christ. The Welsh Revival is an example of that.

<sup>7</sup> Then <u>Abraham</u> stood up and bowed himself to

Notes: Only occurrence of Abraham bowing to anyone(??)

the people of the land, the sons of  $\underline{\text{Heth}}$ .

Scriptures:

<sup>8</sup> And he spoke with them, saying, "If it is your

Notes:

wish that T bury my dead out of my sight, hear me,

and meet with Ephron the son of Zohar for me,

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<sup>9</sup> that he may give me the cave of <u>Machpelah</u>

Notes: 'cave of Machpelah' = Cave of the Patriarchs in Hebron – part of the West Bank in Israel.

Considered holy site by Jews and Muslims.

Abraham asks for the cave only.

### which he has, which is at the end of his field. Let

him give it to me at the full price, as property for a  $\frac{4392}{\text{entire}}$   $\frac{3701 - \text{value}}{272 - 272 -$ 

burial place among you."

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<sup>10</sup> Now Ephron dwelt among the sons of <u>Heth</u>; and Notes:

Ephron the Hittite answered Abraham in the

presence of the sons of  $\underline{\text{Heth}}$ , all who entered at

the gate of his city, saying,

<sup>11</sup> "No, my lord, hear me: I give you the field and

Notes: Ephron adds the field which is more valuable than the cave.

the cave that *is* in it; I give it to you in the

presence of the sons of my people. I give it to you.

Bury your dead!"

Scriptures:

<sup>12</sup> Then <u>Abraham</u> bowed himself down before the Notes:

people of the land;

Notes:

people of the land, saying, "If you will give it,

# please hear me. Twill give you money for the

# field; take *it* from me and I will bury my dead

there."

<sup>14</sup> And Ephron answered <u>Abraham</u>, saying to him,

Notes:

Scriptures:

<sup>15</sup> "My lord, listen to me; the land *is worth* four

Notes: This is a high price for this field and cave. Ephron expects Abraham to haggle for a lower price.

### hundred shekels of silver. What is that between

you and me? So bury your dead."

<sup>16</sup> And <u>Abraham</u> listened to <u>Ephron</u>; and <u>Abraham</u>

Notes: No price was too high to secure a final resting place for his 'princess' – Sarah means princess.

weighed out the silver for Ephron which he had

named in the hearing of the sons of  $\underline{Heth}$ , four

hundred shekels of silver, currency of the

merchants.

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Scriptures: <sup>17</sup> So the field of Ephron which was in Machpelah, Notes:

which was before Mamre, the field and the cave

which was in it, and all the trees that were in the

field, which were within all the surrounding

borders, were <u>deeded</u> 6965 -

<sup>18</sup> to <u>Abraham</u> as a possession in the presence of  $^{Notes:}$ 

the sons of <u>Heth</u>, before all who went in at the

gate of his city.

Scriptures:

<sup>19</sup> And after this, <u>Abraham</u> buried <u>Sarah</u> his wife

Notes:

in the cave of the field of Machpelah, before

Mamre (that *is*, <u>Hebron</u>) in the land of <u>Canaan</u>.

Scriptures: Job 19:25-27 - For I know that my Redeemer lives, And He shall stand at last on the earth; 26 And after my skin is destroyed, this I know, That in my flesh I shall see God, 27 Whom I shall see for myself, And my eyes shall behold, and not another. How my heart yearns within me!

### $^{20}$ So the field and the cave that *is* in it were

deeded to Abraham by the sons of Heth as

property for a burial place.

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Notes: "Longing for Heaven is the signature of the believing soul." (Hughes, 2004) page 313

"The time of death (when the natural inclination is to mourn as the world mourns) should be the time of our greatest demonstration of faith, for the recipient of God's promises has a hope beyond the grave." Allen Ross (Hughes, 2004) page 313

Abraham would later be buried in this cave, and then Isaac and Rachel, and then Jacob's wife Leah. Jacob and his twelve sons end up in Egypt where he makes them promise to bring him back and bury him in this cave.

Genesis ends with this cave being filled. Our hope is not in the Cave of the Patriarchs, but the empty tomb in the garden outside of Jerusalem.